

Permit #: 28.2201-06

Effective Date: May 29, 2007

Expiration Date: May 29, 2012

The seal of the State of South Dakota is a circular emblem with a serrated outer edge. It features a central landscape scene with a river, a windmill, and a plow. Above the scene is a banner with the motto "UNDER GOD THE PEOPLE RULE". The words "STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA" are written in an arc across the top, and "GREAT SEAL." is written in an arc across the bottom. The year "1889" is prominently displayed at the bottom center.

**SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
TITLE V AIR QUALITY PERMIT**


Steven M. Pinner, Secretary
Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Under the South Dakota Air Pollution Control Regulations

Pursuant to Chapter 34A-1-21 of the South Dakota Codified Laws and the Air Pollution Control Regulations of the State of South Dakota and in reliance on statements made by the owner designated below, a permit to operate is hereby issued by the Secretary of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources. This permit authorizes such owner to operate the unit(s) listed in Table 1-1 under the listed conditions.

A. Owner

1. Company Name and Mailing Address

South Dakota State University
Box 2201 SDSU
Brookings, SD 57007

2. Actual Source Location if Different from Above

South Dakota State University
Rotunda Lane - SDSU
Brookings, SD 57007

3. Permit Contact

Dean Kattelman, Director
(605) 688-4136

4. Facility Contact

Lynne Finn, Assistant Director
(605) 688-4136

5. Responsible Official

Michael Reger, Vice President for Administration
(605) 688-6157

B. Permit Revisions or Modifications

Not applicable

C. Type of Operation

South Dakota State University operates five steam generating boilers and an incinerator.

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1.0 STANDARD CONDITIONS

1.1 Operation of source. In accordance with Administrative Rules of South Dakota (ARSD) 74:36:05:16.01(8), the owner or operator shall operate the units, controls, and processes as described in Table #1 in accordance with the statements, representations, and supporting data contained in the complete permit application submitted and dated actual date, unless modified by the conditions of this permit. The control equipment shall be operated in manner that achieves compliance with the conditions of this permit at all times. The application consists of the application forms, supporting data, and supplementary correspondence. If the owner or operator becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in an application, such information shall be promptly submitted.

Table 1-1 – Description of Permitted Units, Operations, and Processes

Unit	Description	Maximum Operating Rate	Control Device(s)
#1	Boiler #4 – 1948 Babcock & Wilcox steam boiler with spreader stoker dump grates, model #FF-15-NAA, fired with natural gas.	38.0 million Btus per hour heat output	Mechanical collector and a 1992 Zurn pulse jet type baghouse
#2	Boiler #5 – 1960 Babcock & Wilcox steam boiler with spreader stoker dump grates, model #FP-18-N44, fired with bituminous coal and natural gas.	50.0 million Btus per hour heat output	Mechanical collector, 1992 Zurn cyclone and 1992 Zurn pulse jet type baghouse
#3	Boiler #6 – 1968 Babcock & Wilcox steam boiler with spreader stoker dump grates, model #FP-18-NAA, fired with bituminous coal and natural gas.	50.0 million Btus per hour heat output	Mechanical collector, 1992 Zurn cyclone and 1992 Zurn pulse jet type baghouse
#4	Boiler #7 – 1982 Kewanee steam boiler, model #H3S400G, fired with natural gas.	13.0 million Btus per hour heat output	Not applicable
#5	Boiler #8 – 1999 Johnston steam boiler, model #PFTA-1500-4LG150S, equipped with a low NOx burner. The unit is fired with natural gas and distillate oil.	1,500 horsepower	Not applicable
#6	1994 ADR Advanced Combustion Systems single chambered incinerator, model #CA-1000, fired with natural gas.	200 pounds per hour	Not applicable

1.2 Duty to comply. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(12), the owner or operator shall comply with the conditions of this permit. An owner or operator who knowingly makes a false statement in any record or report or who falsifies, tampers with, or renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method is in violation of this permit. A violation of any condition in this permit is grounds for enforcement, reopening this permit, permit termination, or denial of a

permit renewal application. The owner or operator, in an enforcement action, cannot use the defense that it would have been necessary to cease or reduce the permitted activity to maintain compliance. The owner or operator shall provide any information requested by the Secretary to determine compliance or whether cause exists for reopening or terminating this permit.

1.3 Property rights or exclusive privileges. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(12), the State's issuance of this permit, adoption of design criteria, and approval of plans and specifications does not convey any property rights of any sort, any exclusive privileges, any authorization to damage, injure or use any private property, any authority to invade personal rights, any authority to violate federal, state or local laws or regulations, or any taking, condemnation or use of eminent domain against any property owned by third parties. The State does not warrant that the owner's or operator's compliance with this permit, design criteria, approved plans and specifications, and operation under this permit, will not cause damage, injury or use of private property, an invasion of personal rights, or violation of federal, state or local laws or regulations. The owner or operator is solely and severally liable for all damage, injury or use of private property, invasion of personal rights, infringement of federal, state or local laws and regulations, or taking or condemnation of property owned by third parties, which may result from actions taken under the permit.

1.4 Penalty for violating a permit condition. In accordance with South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 34A-1, a violation of a permit condition may subject the owner or operator to civil or criminal prosecution, a state penalty of not more than \$10,000 per day per violation, injunctive action, administrative permit action, and other remedies as provided by law.

1.5 Inspection and entry. In accordance with SDCL 34A-1-41, the owner or operator shall allow the Secretary to:

1. Enter the premises where a regulated activity is located or where pertinent records are stored;
2. Have access to and copy any records that are required under this permit;
3. Inspect operations regulated under this permit; and/or
4. Sample or monitor any substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance.

1.6 Severability. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(11), any portion of this permit that is void or challenged shall not affect the validity of the remaining permit requirements.

1.7 Permit termination, modification, or revocation. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:46, the Secretary may recommend that the Board of Minerals and Environment terminate, modify, or revoke this permit for violations of SDCL 34A-1 or the federal Clean Air Act or for nonpayment of any outstanding fee or enforcement penalty.

1.8 Credible evidence. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:13:07, credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether the owner or operator has violated or is violation of this permit. Credible evidence is as follows:

1. Information from the use of the following methods is presumptively credible evidence of whether a violation has occurred at the source:
 - a. A monitoring method approved for the source pursuant to 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3) and incorporated in this permit; or
 - b. Compliance methods specified in an applicable plan;
2. The following testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods are presumptively credible testing, monitoring, or information-gathering methods:
 - a. Any monitoring or testing methods approved in this permit, including those in 40 CFR Parts 51, 60, 61, and 75; or
 - b. Other testing, monitoring, or information-gathering methods that produce information comparable to that produced by any method in section (1) or (2)(a).

2.0 PERMIT FEES

2.1 Annual air fee required. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:06.01, the owner or operator shall submit an annual administrative fee and an annual fee. The fee is based on actual emissions in accordance with ARSD 74:37.

2.2 Annual operational report. In accordance with ARSD 74:37:01:06, the Secretary will supply the owner or operator with an annual operational report in January of each year. The owner or operator shall complete and submit the operational report to the Secretary by March 1 of each year. The responsible official shall sign the operational report in the presence of a notary public.

2.3 Annual air fee. In accordance with ARSD 74:37:01:08, the Secretary will notify the owner or operator of the required annual air emission fee and administrative fee by June 1 of each year. The fees shall accrue on July 1 and are payable to the Department of Revenue by July 31 of each year.

3.0 PERMIT AMENDMENT AND MODIFICATION CONDITIONS

3.1 Permit flexibility. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:30, the owner or operator shall have the flexibility to make changes to the source during the term of this permit. The owner or operator shall provide the Secretary written notice at least seven days in advance of the proposed change (NOTE: The Secretary will forward a copy of the written notice to EPA). The written notice shall include a brief description of the change, the date on which the change is to occur, any change in emissions, and the proposed changes to this permit.

The Secretary will notify the owner or operator whether the change is an administrative permit amendment, a minor permit amendment, or a permit modification. A proposed change that is

considered an administrative permit amendment or a minor permit amendment can be completed immediately after the Secretary receives the written notification. The owner or operator must comply with both the applicable requirements governing the change and the proposed permit terms and conditions until the Secretary takes final action on the proposed change.

A proposed change that is considered a modification can not be constructed until the Secretary takes final action on the proposed change. Permit modifications are subject to the same procedural requirements, including public comment, as the original permit issuance except that the required review shall cover only the proposed changes.

3.2 Administrative permit amendment. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:33, the Secretary has 60 days from receipt of a written notice to verify that the proposed change is an administrative permit amendment. The Secretary considers a proposed change an administrative permit amendment if the proposed change accomplishes one of the following:

1. Corrects typographical errors;
2. Changes the name, address, or phone number of any person identified in this permit or provides a similar minor administrative change at the source;
3. Requires more frequent monitoring or reporting by the source;
4. The ownership or operational control of a source change and the Secretary determines that no other change in this permit is necessary. However, the new owner must submit a certification of applicant form and a written statement specifying the date for transfer of operating permit responsibility, coverage, and liability; or
5. Any other changes that the Secretary and the administrator of EPA determines to be similar to those requirements in this condition.

3.3 Minor permit amendment. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:38, the Secretary has 90 days from receipt of a written notice or 15 days after the end of EPA's 45-day review period, whichever is later, to take final action on a minor permit amendment. Final action consists of issuing or denying a minor permit amendment or determining that the proposed change is a permit modification. The Secretary considers a proposed change to be a minor permit amendment if the proposed change:

1. Does not violate any applicable requirements;
2. Does not involve significant changes to existing monitoring, reporting, or record keeping requirements;
3. Does not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limit or other standard, a source-specific determination for temporary sources of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis; or
4. Does not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement, a federally enforceable emission cap, or an alternative emission limit. An alternative emission limit is approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under section 112(i)(5) of the federal Clean Air Act.

3.4 Permit modification. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:39, an owner or operator may apply for a permit modification. A permit modification is any proposed change that meets the definition of a modification in ARSD 74:36:01:10 or is not an administrative amendment or a minor permit amendment. Modification is defined as a physical change or change in operation that increases the amount of air pollutant emitted by the source or results in the emission of an air pollutant not previously emitted. Permit modifications are subject to the same procedural requirements, including public comment, as the original permit issuance except that the required review shall cover only the proposed changes.

3.5 Permit revision. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:40, the Secretary may reopen and revise this permit to meet requirements of SDCL 34A-1 or the federal Clean Air Act.

3.6 Testing new fuels or raw materials. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:04, an owner or operator may request permission to test a new fuel or raw material to determine if it is compatible with existing equipment before requesting a permit amendment or modification. A complete test proposal shall consist of the following:

1. A written proposal that describes the new fuel or raw material, operating parameters, and parameters that will be monitored and any testing associated with air pollutant emissions during the test;
2. An estimate of the type and amount of regulated air pollutant emissions that will result from the proposed change; and
3. The proposed schedule for conducting the test. In most cases the owner or operator will be allowed to test for a maximum of one week. A request for a test period longer than one week will need additional justification. A test period shall not exceed 180 days.

The Secretary shall approve, conditionally approve, or deny in writing the test proposal within 45 days after receiving a complete proposal. Approval conditions may include changing the test schedule or pollutant sampling and analysis methods. Pollutant sampling and analysis methods may include, but are not limited to performance testing, visible emission evaluation, fuel analysis, dispersion modeling, and monitoring of raw material or fuel rates.

If the Secretary determines that the proposed change will result in an increase in the emission of a regulated air pollutant or result in the emission of an additional regulated air pollutant, the Secretary shall give public notice of the proposed test for 30 days. The Secretary shall consider all comments received during the 30-day public comment period before making a final decision on the test.

The Secretary will not approve a test if the test would cause or contribute to a violation of a national ambient air quality standard.

3.7 Changing Boiler #8 fuels. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.40c, Unit #5 (Boiler #8) shall be fueled with natural gas or distillate oil. If Unit #5 is fueled with other fuels such as propane, coal, residual oil, or wood, additional standards and requirements in 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart Dc may apply. The owner or operator shall apply for and obtain approval from the Secretary before other fuels can be used as a fuel in Unit #5.

Distillate oil means fuel oil that complies with the specifications for fuel oil numbers 1 or 2. Residual oil means crude oil, fuel oil that does not comply with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil, and all fuel oil numbers 4, 5, and 6. Specifications for fuel oils are defined in the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396-78, "Standards Specifications for Fuel Oils".

4.0 PERMIT RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Permit effective. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:07, this permit shall expire five years from date of issuance unless reopened or terminated for cause.

4.2 Permit renewal. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:08, the owner or operator shall submit an application for a permit renewal at least 180 days before the date of permit expiration if the owner or operator wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit. The current permit shall not expire and shall remain in effect until the Secretary takes final action on the timely permit renewal application.

4.3 Permit expiration. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:28, permit expiration terminates the owner's or operator's right to operate any unit covered by this permit.

5.0 RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

5.1 Record keeping and reporting. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall maintain all monitoring data, records, reports, and pertinent information specified by this permit for five years from the date of sample, measurement, report, or application. The records shall be maintained on site for the first two years and may be maintained off site for the last three years. All records must be made available to the Secretary for inspection. All notifications and reports shall be submitted to the following address:

South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources
PMB 2020, Air Quality Program
523 E. Capitol, Joe Foss Building
Pierre, SD 57501-3182

5.2 Signatory requirements. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:12 and ARSD 74:36:05:16.01, all applications submitted to the Secretary shall be signed and certified by a responsible official. A responsible official for a corporation is a responsible corporate officer and for a partnership or sole proprietorship is a general partner or the proprietor, respectively. All reports or other information submitted to the Secretary shall be signed and certified by a responsible official or a duly authorized representative. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

1. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to the Secretary; and
2. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility, such as the position of plant manager, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters.

The responsible official shall notify the Secretary if an authorization is no longer accurate. The new duly authorized representative must be designated prior to or together with any reports or information to be signed by a duly authorized representative.

5.3 Certification statement. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(14)(a), all documents required by this permit, including application forms, reports, and compliance certification, must be certified by a responsible official or a duly authorized representative. The certification shall include the following statement:

“I certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in this document and all attachments are true, accurate, and complete.”

5.4 Monitoring log. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall maintain a monitoring log. The monitoring log shall contain the following information.

1. Maintenance schedule for each piece of control equipment listed in Table 1-1. At a minimum, the maintenance schedule shall meet the manufacturer’s recommended schedule for maintenance. The following information shall be recorded for maintenance:
 - a. Identify the unit;
 - b. The date and time maintenance was performed;
 - c. Description of the type of maintenance;
 - d. Reason for performing maintenance;
 - e. Signature of person performing maintenance;
2. The following information shall be recorded for each visible emission reading required in permit condition 8.1:
 - a. Identify the unit;
 - b. The date and time the visible emission reading was performed;

- c. If visible emissions were observed;
 - d. Description of maintenance performed to eliminate visible emissions;
 - e. Visible emission evaluation if visible emissions are not eliminated; and
 - f. Signature of person performing visible emission reading and/or visible emission evaluation; and
3. The following information shall be recorded within two days of each emergency exceedance:
 - a. The date of the emergency exceedance and the date the emergency exceedance was reported to the Secretary;
 - b. The cause(s) of the emergency;
 - c. The reasonable steps taken to minimize the emissions during the emergency; and
 - d. A statement that the permitted equipment was at the time being properly operated.

5.5 Daily records. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(14) and 74:35:01:08, the owner or operator shall maintain the following information on a daily basis:

1. The type of material burned in Unit #6 categorized as:
 - a. Pathological waste;
 - b. Low-level radioactive waste;
 - c. Chemotherapeutic waste;
 - d. Hospital waste and medical/infectious waste; and
 - e. Other types of waste.
2. The amount of each type of material identified in subsection 1, in pounds.

5.6 Monthly records. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall record the amount of distillate oil burned in Boiler #8 each month, in gallons. A 12-month rolling total of the amount shall be calculated every month using that month's value and the previous 11 months values.

5.7 Quarterly records. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9) and (14) and 74:35:01:23, the owner or operator shall maintain a quarterly summary of the amount and types of waste burned in Unit #6. The quarterly summary shall include:

1. The total amount of material burned on a daily basis;
2. The total amount of each type of material, as identified in subsection 1 of permit condition 5.5, burned in pounds on a daily basis;
3. The percent, by weight, of hospital waste and medical/infectious waste burned during the quarter; and
4. The number of hours Unit #6 was operated on a daily basis.

5.8 Annual records. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall calculate and record the following amounts from January 1 to December 31 of each year:

1. The amount of natural gas burned in each boiler, in million cubic feet, and the number of hours the boiler was operated during the reporting period; and
2. The amount of bituminous coal burned in each boiler, in tons, and the number of hours the boiler was operated during the reporting period.

5.9 Notification of equipment failure. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:23, the owner or operator shall notify the Secretary, in writing, of any failure of Unit #6 or monitoring equipment associated with Unit #6 of one hour or more in duration or an operational error which results in an increase in emissions above any allowable rate. The notification shall be received by the Secretary within five working days from the occurrence and indicate the type of failure or error and measures undertaken to correct the problem.

5.10 Quarterly reporting. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9) and ARSD 74:36:07:05 as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.48c(d) and (e), the owner or operator shall submit a quarterly report. The following information shall be contained in each quarterly report:

1. Name of the facility, permit number, reference to this condition, and identify the submittal as a quarterly report;
2. Calendar dates covered in the reporting period;
3. The 12-month rolling total of the amount of distillate oil burned in Boiler #8, in gallons, for each month in the reporting period;
4. A copy of each fuel supplier certification form for each shipment of distillate oil purchased or received during the reporting period. The quarterly report must include a certified statement signed by the owner or operator that the records of the fuel supplier certifications represent all of the distillate oil that could have been combusted in Boiler #8 during the quarter; and
5. The percent of hospital and/or medical/infectious waste burned in Unit #6 on a calendar quarter basis.

The quarterly report shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of the calendar quarter.

5.11 Annual compliance certification. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(14), the owner or operator shall submit an annual compliance certification letter to the Secretary by March 1 of each year this permit is in effect (NOTE: The Secretary will forward a copy of the certification letter to EPA). The certification shall contain the following information:

1. Methods used to determine compliance, including: monitoring, record keeping, performance testing and reporting requirements;
2. The source is in compliance and will continue to demonstrate compliance with all applicable requirements;
3. In the event the source is in noncompliance, a compliance plan that indicates how the source has or will be brought into compliance; and
4. Certification statement required in permit condition 5.3.

5.12 Reporting permit violations. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall report all permit violations. A permit violation should be reported as soon as possible, but no later than the first business day following the day the violation was discovered. The permit violation may be reported by telephone to the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources at (605) 773-3151 or by FAX at (605) 773-5286.

A written report shall be submitted within five days of discovering the permit violation. Upon prior approval from the Secretary, the submittal deadline for the written report may be extended up to 30 days. The written report shall contain:

1. Description of the permit violation and its cause(s);
2. Duration of the permit violation, including exact dates and times; and
3. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the permit violation.

6.0 CONTROL OF REGULATED AIR POLLUTANTS

6.1 Visibility limit. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:12:01, the owner or operator may not discharge into the ambient air an air contaminant of a density equal to or greater than that designated as 20 percent opacity from any permitted unit, operation, or process listed in Table 1-1. This provision does not apply when the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure to meet the requirement.

6.2 Visibility limit for Unit #5 (Boiler #8). In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.43c(c) and (d), the owner or operator may not discharge into the ambient air from Boiler #8 an air contaminant of a density equal to or greater than that designated as 20 percent opacity, except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent opacity.

6.3 Visibility exceedances. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:12:02, an exceedance of the operating limit in permit condition 6.1 and 6.2 is not considered a violation during brief periods of soot blowing, start-up, shutdown, or malfunctions. Malfunction means any sudden and unavoidable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner. A failure caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, careless operation, preventable equipment breakdown, or any other cause within the control of the owner or operator of the source is not a malfunction and is considered a violation.

6.4 Visibility limit for regulated medical waste incinerator. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:12, the owner or operator may not discharge into the ambient air from Unit #6 an air contaminant of a density equal to or greater than that designated as 10 percent opacity. This provision applies at all times during the operation of the incinerator. This includes prior to

loading the primary chamber, loading the primary chamber, and until all waste is completely combusted.

6.5 Secondary chamber temperature requirements. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:20, the owner or operator shall maintain a temperature at or above 1,800 degrees Fahrenheit in the secondary chamber at all times during the operation of the incinerator. This includes prior to loading the primary chamber, loading the primary chamber, and until all waste is completely combusted.

6.6 Total suspended particulate matter limits. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:06:02(1), the owner or operator shall not allow the emission of total suspended particulate matter in excess of the emission limit specified in Table 6-1 for the appropriate permitted unit, operation, and process.

Table 6-1 – Total Suspended Particulate Matter Emission Limit

Unit	Description	Emission Limit
#1	Boiler #4	0.5 pounds per million Btu heat input
#2	Boiler #5	0.5 pounds per million Btu heat input
#3	Boiler #6	0.5 pounds per million Btu heat input
#4	Boiler #7	0.6 pounds per million Btu heat input
#5	Boiler #8	0.5 pounds per million Btu heat input

6.7 Sulfur dioxide limits. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:06:02(2), the owner or operator shall not allow the emission of sulfur dioxide in excess of the emission limit specified in Table 6-2 for the appropriate permitted unit, operations, and process.

Table 6-2 – Sulfur Dioxide Emission Limit

Unit	Description	Emission Limit
#1	Boiler #4	3.0 pounds per million Btu heat input
#2	Boiler #5	3.0 pounds per million Btu heat input
#3	Boiler #6	3.0 pounds per million Btu heat input
#4	Boiler #7	3.0 pounds per million Btu heat input
#5	Boiler #8 ¹	3.0 pounds per million Btu heat input

¹ – The sulfur dioxide emission limit for Boiler #8 is only applicable when Boiler #8 is fired with natural gas.

Compliance with the sulfur dioxide emission limit is based on a three-hour rolling average, which is the arithmetic average of three contiguous one-hour periods.

6.8 Sulfur dioxide limit for Unit #5 (Boiler #8) – distillate oil. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.42c(d) and (h), the owner or operator of Unit #5 shall comply with one of the following sulfur dioxide standards while combusting distillate oil:

1. No owner or operator of the boiler shall discharge into the atmosphere any gases that contain sulfur dioxide in excess of 0.50 pounds per million Btu heat input;
2. No owner or operator shall combust distillate oil in the boiler that contains greater than 0.5 weight percent sulfur; or
3. Compliance with the fuel oil sulfur limit for the boiler may be determined based on a certification from the fuel supplier. The certification shall include the following information:
 - a. The name of the oil supplier;
 - b. A statement from the oil supplier that the oil complies with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil; and
 - c. A statement that the sulfur content of the oil does not exceed 0.5 weight percent sulfur.

The sulfur dioxide emission limit and distillate oil sulfur limit shall apply at all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunctions.

6.9 Operational restriction for Unit #5 (Boiler #8). In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(8), the owner or operator shall limit the amount of distillate oil fired in Boiler #8 to no more than 1,100,000 gallons per 12-month period.

6.10 Limit on hospital and medical/infectious waste burned in Unit #6. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(8), the owner or operator shall not burn hospital and/or medical/infectious waste in Unit #6 at a rate greater than 10% by weight on a calendar quarter basis. This limit exempts the owner or operator from complying with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ce. Any relaxation in this permit condition will require a permit modification to include the requirements in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ce.

6.11 Air emission exceedances – emergency conditions. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(18), the Secretary will allow for an unavoidable emission exceedance of a technology-based emission limit if the exceedance is caused by an emergency condition and immediate action is taken by the owner or operator to restore the operations back to normal. An emergency condition is a situation arising from a sudden and reasonably unforeseeable event beyond the control of the source, including acts of God. An emergency shall not include an emission exceedance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventive maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error. The owner or operator shall notify the Secretary within two working days of the incident and take all steps possible to eliminate the excess emissions. The notification must provide a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken. If the notification is submitted orally, a written report summarizing the information required by the notification shall be submitted and postmarked within 30 days of the oral notification.

6.12 Circumvention not allowed. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:47.01, the owner or operator may not install, use a device, or use a means that conceals or dilutes an air emission that

would otherwise violate this permit. This includes operating a unit or control device that emits air pollutants from an opening other than the designed stack, vent, or equivalent opening.

6.13 Minimizing emissions. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:01, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.11(d), the owner or operator shall at all times, when practicable, maintain and operate all permitted units in a manner that minimizes air pollution emissions.

7.0 PERFORMANCE TESTS

7.1 Performance test may be required. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:02, the Secretary may request a performance test during the term of this permit. A performance test shall be conducted while operating the unit at or greater than 90 percent of its maximum design capacity, unless otherwise specified by the Secretary. A performance test conducted while operating less than 90 percent of its maximum design capacity will result in the operation being limited to the percent achieved during the performance test. The Secretary has the discretion to extend the deadline for completion of performance test required by the Secretary if circumstances reasonably warrant but will not extend the deadline past a federally required performance test deadline.

7.2 Test methods and procedures. The owner or operator shall conduct the performance test in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, 40 CFR Part 63, Appendix A, and 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. The Secretary may approve an alternative method if a performance test specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, 40 CFR Part 63, Appendix A, and 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M is not federally applicable or federally required.

7.3 Representative performance test. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:01, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.8(c), performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Secretary shall specify to the owner or operator based on the representative performance of the unit being tested. The owner or operator shall make available to the Secretary such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of the performance tests. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for the purpose of a performance test nor shall emissions in excess of the level of the applicable emission limit during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction be considered a violation of the applicable emission limit unless otherwise specified in this permit.

7.4 Submittal of test plan. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:01, the owner or operator shall submit the proposed testing procedures to the Secretary at least 30 days prior to any performance test. The Secretary will notify the owner or operator if the proposed test procedures are approved or denied. If the proposed test procedures are denied, the Secretary will provide written notification that outlines what needs to be completed for approval.

7.5 Notification of test. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:03, the owner or operator shall notify the Secretary at least 10 days prior to the start of a performance test to arrange for an agreeable test date when the Secretary may observe the test. The Secretary may extend the deadline for the performance test in order to accommodate schedules in arranging an agreeable test date.

7.6 Performance test report. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall submit a performance test report to the Secretary within 60 days after completing the performance test or by a date designated by the Secretary. The performance test report shall contain the following information:

1. A brief description of the process and the air pollution control system being tested;
2. Sampling location description(s);
3. A description of sampling and analytical procedures and any modifications to standard procedures;
4. Test results;
5. Quality assurance procedures and results;
6. Records of operating conditions during the test, preparation of standards, and calibration procedures;
7. Raw data sheets for field sampling and field and laboratory analyses;
8. Documentation of calculations;
9. All data recorded and used to establish parameters for compliance monitoring; and
10. Any other information required by the test method.

7.7 Performance test on Unit #2 and #3. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:02, the owner or operator shall conduct a stack performance test on Unit #2 and #3 within 60 days of the issuance of this permit. The stack performance test shall be for total suspended particulate matter and shall be conducted when the boiler is fueled with bituminous coal.

8.0 STATE ONLY – MEDICAL WASTE REQUIREMENTS

8.1 Reusable containers. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:25, the owner or operator of a facility which generates or receives medical waste must comply with the following requirements for reusing containers:

1. All non-rigid packaging and inner liners must be managed as medical waste and may not be reused;
2. Any container used for the storage or transport, or both, of medical waste and designated for reuse once emptied must be decontaminated if the container shows signs of visible contamination; and
3. If any container used for the storage or transport, or both, of medical waste is for any reason not capable of being rendered free of any visible signs of contamination, the container must

be managed as medical waste and labeled, marked, and treated or disposed of as medical waste.

8.2 Storage. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:26, the storage of medical waste before treatment or disposal on-site or transport offsite must comply with the following storage requirements:

1. The medical waste must be stored in a manner and location that maintains the integrity of the packaging and provides protection from the elements;
2. The medical waste must be maintained in a nonputrescent state, using refrigeration when necessary;
3. Outdoor storage areas containing medical waste must be locked to prevent unauthorized access;
4. The medical waste must be stored in a manner that affords protection from animals and does not provide a breeding place or a food source for insects and rodents;
5. All on-site storage of medical waste must be in a designated area away from traffic flow patterns and must be accessible only to authorized personnel; and
6. Containment of medical waste must be effected in such a manner that no discharge or release of any waste occurs.

8.3 Radioactive and hazardous waste. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:22, neither radioactive waste nor hazardous waste shall be burned in Unit #6 unless the appropriate requirements and standards for those materials are met.

8.4 Ash handling. In accordance with ARSD 74:28:23:01, if it is determined that the ash from Unit #6 is a hazardous waste, the ash shall be disposed of in a permitted hazardous waste facility.

8.5 Retention time. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:20, the secondary chamber in Unit #6 shall be designed to provide turbulent mixing of the exhaust gases and maintain the exhaust gases at a temperature of at least 1,800 degrees Fahrenheit for a minimum of a one-second retention time. The one-second retention time shall be measured from the location of the secondary chamber burner to the location of the thermocouple that measures the temperature in the secondary chamber.

8.6 Waste loading. In accordance with ARSD 74:35:01:21, the waste charging system for Unit #6 must prevent the disruption of the combustion process as waste is charged and prevent overcharging to assure complete combustion of the waste. The continuous waste charging system for Unit #6 shall be equipped with a lock-out mechanism to prevent the charging of the primary chamber until the secondary chamber temperature is established and holding at 1,800 degrees Fahrenheit and automatically stops charging if the secondary temperature drops below 1,800 degrees Fahrenheit for any continuous 15 minute period.

9.0 MONITORING

9.1 Periodic monitoring for opacity limits. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:13:07, the owner or operator shall demonstrate compliance with the opacity limits in Chapter 6.0 on a periodic basis, except Unit #1 and #4. Periodic monitoring for Unit #2, #3 and #5 is only required when the unit is fueled with distillate oil or bituminous coal. Periodic monitoring for Unit #2, #3, #5, and #6 shall be based on the amount of visible emissions from each unit and evaluated according to the following step:

Step 1: If there are no visible emissions from a unit subject to an opacity limit, periodic monitoring shall consist of a visible emission reading. A visible emission reading shall consist of a visual survey of each unit over a two-minute period to identify if there are visible emissions. The visible emission reading must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions. Visible emission readings on each unit subject to an opacity limit in Chapter 6.0 shall be based on the following frequency:

- a. The owner or operator shall conduct a visible emission reading once per calendar month;
- b. If no visible emissions are observed from a unit in six consecutive monthly visible emission readings, the owner or operator may decrease the frequency of readings from monthly to semiannually for that unit; or
- c. If no visible emissions are observed from a unit in two consecutive semiannual visible emission readings, the owner or operator may decrease the frequency of testing of readings from semiannually to annually for that unit.

Step 2: If visible emissions are observed from a unit at any time other than periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, the owner or operator shall conduct a visible emission test on that unit to determine if the unit is in compliance with the opacity limit specified in Chapter 6.0. The emission test shall be for six minutes and conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. The visible emission test must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions. Visible emission tests shall be based on the following frequency:

- a. The visible emission test must be conducted within one hour of witnessing a visible emission from a unit during a visible emission reading;
- b. If the visible emission test required in Step 2(a) results in an opacity value less than or equal to 50 percent of the opacity limit for the unit, the owner or operator shall perform a visible emission test once per month;
- c. If the opacity value of a visible emission test is less than five percent for six straight monthly tests, the owner or operator may revert back to monthly visible emission readings as required in Step 1;
- d. If the visible emission test required in Steps 2(a) or 2(b) results in an opacity value greater than 50 percent of the opacity limit but less than the opacity limit, the owner or operator shall perform a visible emission test once per week; or

- e. If the visible emission test in Step 2(d) results in an opacity value less than or equal to 50 percent of the opacity limit for six straight weekly readings, the owner or operator may revert back to a monthly visible emission test as required in Step 2(b).

The person conducting the visible emission test must be certified in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. If a visible emission test is required before a person is certified in accordance with permit condition 9.2, the owner or operator shall notify the Secretary within 24 hours of observing the visible emissions to schedule a visible emission test performed by a state inspector.

9.2 Certified personnel – visible emission tests. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:13:07, within 180 days after permit issuance the owner or operator shall retain a person that is certified to perform a visible emission test in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. The owner or operator shall retain a certified person throughout the remaining term of this permit.

9.3 Monitoring sulfur content. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall monitor the sulfur content of distillate oil and bituminous coal. For each load of distillate oil and/or bituminous coal purchased or received, the owner or operator shall obtain a fuel supplier certification. The fuel supplier certification shall include the following information:

1. The name of the fuel supplier;
2. For distillate oil, a statement that the oil complies with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil. Distillate oil means fuel oil that complies with the specifications for fuel oil numbers 1 or 2. Specifications for fuel oils are defined in the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396-78, "Standards Specifications for Fuel Oils";
3. For distillate oil, a statement that the sulfur content of the oil does not exceed 0.5 weight percent sulfur; and
4. For bituminous coal, the sulfur content of the bituminous coal, in percent sulfur by weight.

In the case where a fuel supplier certification is not obtained, the owner or operator shall collect a grab sample from the distillate oil storage tank or bituminous coal storage pile within 30 days of receiving the shipment of fuel but before another load of fuel is transferred into the storage tank or storage pile. The grab sample shall be analyzed to determine the sulfur content of the fuel. A copy of the results of the distillate oil analysis shall be submitted with the quarterly report.

9.4 Monitoring Unit #6 temperatures. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9) and ARSD 74:35:01:19, the owner or operator shall install, calibrate, operate, and maintain a device that continuously monitors and records the primary and secondary chamber temperatures of Unit #6. The device must have an accuracy of the greater of plus or minus 0.75 percent of the measured temperature or 2.5 degrees Celsius. The device shall be operational at all times when

Unit #6 is operational. If the continuous monitoring or recording equipment is not functional for more than one hour, the owner or operator shall discontinue charging the incinerator and will shut down the incinerator once all combustibles are combusted. The incinerator will not be used again until the continuous monitor and recorder are operational.

10.0 PSD EXEMPTION

10.1 PSD exemption. This source is exempt from PSD/NSR review due to restrictions which limit the amount of distillate oil used in Boiler #8 to less than 1,100,000 gallons per 12-month period. Any relaxation in the operational limit that increases the sulfur dioxide emissions equal to or greater than 40 tons per 12-month period will require a full PSD/NSR review of the source as though construction had not commenced on the source.