


Permit #: 28.0704-01
Effective Date: September 28, 2016
Expiration Date: August 21, 2020

The seal of the State of South Dakota is a circular emblem with a serrated outer edge. It features a central landscape scene with a river, a windmill, and a farm. The text "STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA" is arched across the top, and "GREAT SEAL" is arched across the bottom. The year "1889" is at the bottom center. A banner across the middle reads "UNDER GOD THE PEOPLE RULE".

**SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
TITLE V AIR QUALITY OPERATING PERMIT**



Steven M. Pirner, P.E., Secretary
Department of Environment and Natural Resources

**Under the South Dakota Air Pollution
Control Regulations**

Pursuant to Chapter 34A-1-21 of the South Dakota Codified Laws and the Air Pollution Control Regulations of the State of South Dakota and in reliance on statements made by the owner designated below, a permit to operate is hereby issued by the Secretary of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources. This permit authorizes such owner to operate the unit(s) at the location designated below and under the listed conditions:

A. Owner

1. Company Name and Address

Jebro Incorporated
2303 Bridgeport Drive
Sioux City, IA 51111

2. Actual Source Location and Mailing Address if Different from Above

1801 Railroad Avenue
Corson, SD

3. Permit Contact

Sheila Gerke, Safety/Environmental Resource Manager
(712) 212-5536

4. Facility Contact

Sheila Gerke, Safety/Environmental Resource Manager
(712) 212-5536

5. Responsible Official

Robert Cheever, President
(712) 234-2800

B. Permit Revisions or Modifications

September 28, 2016 – Administrative Amendment to update the permit contact, facility contact and responsible official.

C. Type of Operation

Jebro receives, blends, and ships liquid asphalt and heavy end products

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1.0 Standard Conditions

1.1 Operation of source

In accordance with Administrative Rules of South Dakota (ARSD) 74:36:05:16.01(8), the owner or operator shall operate the units, controls, and processes as described in Table 1-1 in accordance with the statements, representations, and supporting data contained in the complete permit application received November 24, 2014 and September 19, 2016, unless modified by the conditions of this permit. Except as otherwise provided herein, the control equipment shall be operated at all times in accordance with the manufacturer's specification and in a manner that achieves compliance with the conditions of this permit. The application consists of the application forms, supporting data, and supplementary correspondence. If the owner or operator becomes aware it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in an application, such information shall be promptly submitted.

Table 1-1 – Description of Permitted Units, Operations, and Processes

Unit	Description	Maximum Operating Rate	Control Device
#1	1998 HEATEC Inc. horizontal hot oil heater, Model HCI 12010-60 HAUK-CGOL-IRI. The heater is fueled with natural gas or used oil.	20 million Btus per hour heat input	Not applicable

1.2 Duty to comply

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(12), the owner or operator shall comply with the conditions of this permit. An owner or operator who knowingly makes a false statement in any record or report or who falsifies, tampers with, or renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method is in violation of this permit. A violation of any condition in this permit is grounds for enforcement, reopening this permit, permit termination, or denial of a permit renewal application. The owner or operator, in an enforcement action, cannot use the defense that it would have been necessary to cease or reduce the permitted activity to maintain compliance. The owner or operator shall provide any information requested by the Secretary to determine compliance or whether cause exists for reopening or terminating this permit.

1.3 Property rights or exclusive privileges

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(12), the State's issuance of this permit, adoption of design criteria, and approval of plans and specifications does not convey any property rights of any sort, any exclusive privileges, any authorization to damage, injure or use any private property, any authority to invade personal rights, any authority to violate federal, state or local laws or regulations, or any taking, condemnation or use of eminent domain against any property owned by third parties. The State does not warrant the owner's or operator's compliance with this permit, design criteria, approved plans and specifications, and operation under this permit, will not cause damage, injury or use of private property, an invasion of personal rights, or violation of federal, state or local laws or regulations. The owner or operator is solely and severally liable for all damage, injury or use of private property, invasion of personal rights, infringement of federal, state or local laws and regulations, or taking or condemnation of property owned by third parties, which may result from actions taken under the permit.

1.4 Penalty for violating a permit condition

In accordance with South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 34A-1-39 and 34A-1-47, a violation of a permit condition may subject the owner or operator to civil or criminal prosecution, a state penalty of not more than \$10,000 per day per violation, injunctive action, administrative permit action, and other remedies as provided by law.

1.5 Inspection and entry

In accordance with SDCL 34A-1-41, the owner or operator shall allow the Secretary, upon presentation of credentials, to:

1. Enter the premises where a regulated activity is located or where pertinent records are stored;
2. Have access to and copy any records required under this permit;
3. Inspect operations regulated under this permit; and/or
4. Sample or monitor any substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance.

1.6 Severability

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(11), any portion of this permit that is void or challenged shall not affect the validity of the remaining permit requirements.

1.7 Permit termination, modification, or revocation

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:46, the Secretary may recommend the Board of Minerals and Environment terminate, modify, or revoke this permit for violations of SDCL 34A-1 or the federal Clean Air Act or for nonpayment of any outstanding fee or enforcement penalty.

1.8 Credible evidence

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:13:07, credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether the owner or operator has violated or is in violation of this permit. Credible evidence may consist of the following:

1. Information from the use of the following methods is presumptively credible evidence of whether a violation has occurred:
 - a. A monitoring method approved pursuant to 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3) and incorporated in this permit; or
 - b. Compliance methods specified in an applicable plan;
2. The following testing, monitoring, or information gathering methods are presumptively credible testing, monitoring, or information-gathering methods:
 - a. Any monitoring or testing methods approved in this permit, including those in 40 CFR Parts 51, 60, 61, and 75; or
 - b. Other testing, monitoring, or information-gathering methods that produce information comparable to that produced by any method in paragraph (1) or (2)(a).

2.0 Permit Fees

2.1 Annual air fee required

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:06.01, the owner or operator shall submit an annual administrative fee and an annual fee. The fee is based on actual emissions in accordance with ARSD 74:37.

2.2 Annual operational report

In accordance with ARSD 74:37:01:06, the Secretary will supply the owner or operator with an annual operational report in January of each year. The owner or operator shall complete and submit the operational report to the Secretary by March 1 of each year. The responsible official shall sign the operational report in the presence of a notary public.

2.3 Annual air fee

In accordance with ARSD 74:37:01:08, the Secretary will notify the owner or operator of the required annual air emission fee and administrative fee by June 1 of each year. The fees shall accrue on July 1 and are payable to the Department of Revenue by July 31 of each year.

3.0 Permit Amendments and Modifications

3.1 Permit flexibility

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:30, the owner or operator shall have the flexibility to make changes to the source during the term of this permit. The owner or operator shall provide the Secretary written notice at least seven days in advance of the proposed change (NOTE: The Secretary will forward a copy of the written notice to EPA). The written notice shall include a brief description of the change, the date on which the change is to occur, any change in emissions, the proposed changes to the permit, and whether the requested revisions are for an administrative permit amendment, minor permit amendment, or permit modification.

The Secretary will notify the owner or operator whether the change is an administrative permit amendment, a minor permit amendment, or a permit modification. A proposed change that is considered an administrative permit amendment or a minor permit amendment can be completed immediately after the Secretary receives the written notification. The owner or operator must comply with both the applicable requirements governing the change and the proposed permit terms and conditions until the Secretary takes final action on the proposed change.

A proposed change that is considered a modification cannot be implemented until the Secretary takes final action on the proposed change or the owner or operator was issued an air quality construction permit. Permit modifications are subject to the same procedural requirements, including public comment, as the original permit issuance except that the required review shall cover only the proposed changes.

3.2 Administrative permit amendment

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:33, the Secretary has 60 days from receipt of a written notice to verify the proposed change is an administrative permit amendment. As provided in ARSD

74:36:01:03, the Secretary considers a proposed change an administrative permit amendment if the proposed change accomplishes one of the following:

1. Corrects typographical errors;
2. Changes the name, address, or phone number of any person identified in this permit or provides a similar minor administrative change;
3. Requires more frequent monitoring or reporting;
4. The ownership or operational control changes and the Secretary determines no other change in this permit is necessary. However, the new owner must submit a certification of applicant form and a written statement specifying the date for transfer of operating permit responsibility, coverage, and liability; or
5. Any other changes the Secretary and the administrator of EPA determines to be similar to those requirements in this condition.

3.3 Minor permit amendment

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:38, the Secretary has 90 days from receipt of a written notice or 15 days after the end of EPA's 45-day review period, whichever is later, to take final action on a minor permit amendment. Final action consists of issuing or denying a minor permit amendment or determining the proposed change is a permit modification. As provided in ARSD 74:36:05:35, the Secretary considers a proposed change to be a minor permit amendment if the proposed change:

1. Does not violate any applicable requirements;
2. Does not involve significant changes to existing monitoring, reporting, or recordkeeping requirements;
3. Does not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limit or other standard, a source-specific determination for temporary sources of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis; or
4. Does not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement, a federally enforceable emission cap, or an alternative emission limit. An alternative emission limit is approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under section 112(i)(5) of the federal Clean Air Act.

3.4 Permit modification

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:39, an owner or operator may apply for a permit modification. A permit modification is defined in ARSD 74:36:01:10 as a physical change in or change in the operation of a source that results in at least one of the following:

1. An increase in the amount of an air pollutant emitted by the source or results in the emission of an air pollutant not previously emitted;
2. A significant change to existing monitoring, reporting, or recordkeeping requirements in the permit;
3. The change requires or changes a case-by-case determination of an emission limit or other standard, a source-specific determination for temporary sources of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis; or

4. The change seeks to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is a corresponding underlying applicable requirement that the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement, a federally enforceable emissions cap assumed to avoid classification as a modification under a provision of the Title I of the Clean Air Act, or an alternative emissions limit approved pursuant to regulations promulgated under section 112(i)(5) of the Clean Air Act.

Permit modifications are subject to the same procedural requirements, including public comment, as the original permit issuance except the required review shall cover only the proposed changes.

3.5 Permit revision

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:40, the Secretary may reopen and revise this permit to meet requirements of SDCL 34A-1 or the federal Clean Air Act. In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:41, the Secretary shall notify the owner or operator at least 30 days before reopening this permit. The 30-day period may be less in the case of an emergency.

3.6 Testing new fuels or raw materials

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:04, an owner or operator may request permission to test a new fuel or raw material to determine if it is compatible with existing equipment before requesting a permit amendment or modification. A complete test proposal shall consist of the following:

1. A written proposal describing the new fuel or raw material, operating parameters, and parameters that will be monitored and any testing associated with air pollutant emissions during the test;
2. An estimate of the type and amount of regulated air pollutant emissions resulting from the proposed change; and
3. The proposed schedule for conducting the test. In most cases the owner or operator will be allowed to test for a maximum of one week. A request for a test period longer than one week will need additional justification. A test period shall not exceed 180 days.

The Secretary shall approve, conditionally approve, or deny in writing the test proposal within 45 days after receiving a complete proposal. Approval conditions may include changing the test schedule or pollutant sampling and analysis methods. Pollutant sampling and analysis methods may include, but are not limited to performance testing, visible emission evaluation, fuel analysis, dispersion modeling, and monitoring of raw material or fuel rates.

If the Secretary determines the proposed change will result in an increase in the emission of a regulated air pollutant or result in the emission of an additional regulated air pollutant, the Secretary shall give public notice of the proposed test for 30 days. The Secretary shall consider all comments received during the 30-day public comment period before making a final decision on the test.

The Secretary will not approve a test if the test would cause or contribute to a violation of a national ambient air quality standard.

4.0 Permit Renewal

4.1 Permit effective

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:07, this permit shall expire five years from date of issuance unless reopened or terminated for cause. The current permit shall not expire and shall remain in effect until the Secretary takes final action on the renewal application.

4.2 Permit renewal

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:08, the owner or operator shall submit an application for a permit renewal at least 180 days before the date of permit expiration if the owner or operator wishes to continue to operate an activity regulated by this permit. The current permit shall not expire and shall remain in effect until the Secretary takes final action on the timely permit renewal application.

4.3 Permit expiration

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:28, permit expiration terminates the owner's or operator's right to operate any unit covered by this permit.

5.0 Recordkeeping and Reporting

5.1 Recordkeeping and reporting

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall maintain all monitoring data, records, reports, and pertinent information specified by this permit for five years from the date of sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified in this permit. The records shall be maintained on site for the first two years and may be maintained off site for the last three years. All records must be made available to the Secretary for inspection. All notifications and reports shall be submitted to the following address:

South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources
PMB 2020, Air Quality Program
523 E. Capitol, Joe Foss Building
Pierre, SD 57501-3182

5.2 Signatory requirements

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:12 and 74:36:05:16.01, all applications, reports, or other information submitted to the Secretary shall be signed and certified by a responsible official or a duly authorized representative. A responsible official for a corporation is a responsible corporate officer and for a partnership or sole proprietorship is a general partner or the proprietor, respectively. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

1. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to the Secretary; and
2. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility, such as the position of plant manager,

superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters.

The duly authorized representative must be designated prior to or together with any reports or information to be signed by a duly authorized representative. The responsible official shall notify the Secretary if an authorization is no longer accurate.

5.3 Certification statement

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(14)(a), all documents required by this permit, including application forms, reports, and compliance certification, must be certified by a responsible official or a duly authorized representative. The certification shall include the following statement:

“I certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in this document and all attachments are true, accurate, and complete.”

5.4 Monitoring log

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall maintain a monitoring log. The monitoring log shall contain the following information.

1. The following information shall be recorded for each visible emission reading required in permit condition 8.1 and 8.2:
 - a. Identify the unit and if it operates on a monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual basis;
 - b. The date and time the visible emission reading was performed;
 - c. If visible emissions were observed;
 - d. Description of maintenance performed to eliminate visible emissions;
 - e. Visible emission evaluation if visible emissions are not eliminated; and
 - f. Signature of person performing visible emission reading and/or visible emission evaluation; and
2. The following information shall be recorded within two days of each emergency exceedance:
 - a. The date of the emergency exceedance and the date the emergency exceedance was reported to the Secretary;
 - b. The cause(s) of the emergency;
 - c. The reasonable steps taken to minimize the emissions during the emergency; and
 - d. A statement the permitted equipment was at the time being properly operated.

5.5 Annual records

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall calculate and record the following amounts from January 1 to December 31 of each year:

1. The amount natural gas and used oil consumed. Quantities shall be based on production records, consumption records, purchase records, etc.

5.6 Annual compliance certification

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(14), the owner or operator shall submit an annual compliance certification letter to the Secretary by March 1 of each year this permit is in effect (NOTE: The Secretary will forward a copy of the certification letter to EPA). The certification shall contain the following information:

1. Methods used to determine compliance, including: monitoring, recordkeeping, performance testing and reporting requirements;
2. The source is in compliance and will continue to demonstrate compliance with all applicable requirements;
3. In the event the source is in noncompliance, a compliance plan that indicates how the source has or will be brought into compliance; and
4. Certification statement required in permit condition 5.3.

5.7 Reporting permit violations

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall report all permit violations. A permit violation should be reported as soon as possible, but no later than the first business day following the day the violation was discovered. The permit violation may be reported by telephone to the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources at (605) 773-3151 or by FAX at (605) 773-4068.

A written report shall be submitted within five days of discovering the permit violation. Upon prior approval from the Secretary, the submittal deadline for the written report may be extended up to 30 days. The written report shall contain:

1. A description of the permit violation and its cause(s);
2. The duration of the permit violation, including exact dates and times; and
3. The steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the permit violation.

6.0 Control of Regulated Air Pollutants

6.1 Visibility limit

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:12:01, the owner or operator may not discharge into the ambient air an air contaminant of a density equal to or greater than that designated as 20 percent opacity from any permitted unit, operation, or process listed in Table 1-1, unless otherwise specified in this permit.”. This provision does not apply when the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure to meet the requirement.

6.2 Visibility exceedances

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:12:02, an exceedance of the opacity limit in permit condition 6.1 is not considered a violation during brief periods of soot blowing, start-up, shutdown, or malfunctions. Malfunction means any sudden and unavoidable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner. A failure caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, careless operation, preventable equipment

breakdown, or any other cause within the control of the owner or operator is not a malfunction and is considered a violation.

6.3 Total suspended particulate matter limits

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:06:02(1) and/or ARSD 74:36:06:03(1), the owner or operator shall not allow the emission of total suspended particulate matter in excess of the emission limit specified in Table 6-1 for the appropriate permitted unit, operation, and process.

Table 6-1 – Total Suspended Particulate Matter Emission Limit

Unit	Description	Emission Limit
#1	1998 HEATEC Inc. horizontal hot oil heater	0.6 pounds per million Btus

6.4 Air emission exceedances – emergency conditions

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(18), the Secretary will allow for an unavoidable emission exceedance of a technology-based emission limit if the exceedance is caused by an emergency condition and immediate action is taken by the owner or operator to restore the operations back to normal. An emergency condition is a situation arising from a sudden and reasonably unforeseeable event beyond the control of the owner or operator, including acts of God. An emergency shall not include an emission exceedance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventive maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error. The owner or operator shall notify the Secretary within two working days of the incident and take all steps possible to eliminate the excess emissions. The notification must provide a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken. If the notification is submitted orally, a written report summarizing the information required by the notification shall be submitted and postmarked within 30 days of the oral notification

6.5 Circumvention not allowed

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:01, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.12, the owner or operator may not install, use a device, or use a means that conceals or dilutes an air emission that would otherwise violate this permit. This includes operating a unit or control device that emits air pollutants from an opening other than the designed stack, vent, or equivalent opening.

6.6 Minimizing Emissions

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:01, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.11(d), the owner or operator shall at all times, when practicable, maintain and operate all permitted units in a manner that minimizes air pollution emissions

7.0 Performance Tests

7.1 Performance test may be required

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:02, the Secretary may request a performance test during the term of this permit. A performance test shall be conducted while operating the unit at or greater than 90 percent of its maximum design capacity, unless otherwise specified by the Secretary. A performance test conducted while operating less than 90 percent of its maximum design capacity

will result in the operation being limited to the percent achieved during the performance test. The Secretary has the discretion to extend the deadline for completion of performance test required by the Secretary if circumstances reasonably warrant but will not extend the deadline past a federally required performance test deadline.

7.2 Test methods and procedures

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:01, the owner or operator shall conduct the performance test in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, 40 CFR Part 63, Appendix A, and 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M. The Secretary may approve an alternative method if a performance test specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, 40 CFR Part 63, Appendix A, and 40 CFR Part 51, Appendix M is not federally applicable or federally required.

7.3 Representative performance test

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:01, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.8(c), performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Secretary shall specify to the owner or operator based on the representative performance of the unit being tested. The owner or operator shall make available to the Secretary such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of the performance tests. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for the purpose of a performance test nor shall emissions in excess of the level of the applicable emission limit during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction be considered a violation of the applicable emission limit unless otherwise specified in this permit.

7.4 Submittal of test plan

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:11:01, the owner or operator shall submit the proposed testing procedures to the Secretary at least 30 days prior to any performance test. The Secretary will notify the owner or operator if the proposed test procedures are approved or denied. If the proposed test procedures are denied, the Secretary will provide written notification outlining what needs to be completed for approval.

7.5 Notification of test

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:01, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.8(d), the owner or operator shall notify the Secretary at least 30 days prior to the start of a performance test to afford the Secretary the opportunity to have an observer present. If there is a delay in conducting the scheduled performance test, the owner or operator shall notify the Secretary as soon as possible of any delay in the original test date, either by providing at least 7 days prior notice of the rescheduled date of the performance test, or by arranging a rescheduled date with the Secretary by mutual agreement.

7.6 Performance test report

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall submit a performance test report to the Secretary within 60 days after completing the performance test or by a date designated by the Secretary. The performance test report shall contain the following information:

1. A brief description of the process and the air pollution control system being tested;
2. Sampling location description(s);

3. A description of sampling and analytical procedures and any modifications to standard procedures;
4. Test results represented in the same terminology as the permit limits;
5. Quality assurance procedures and results;
6. Records of operating conditions during the test necessary for demonstrating compliance with the permit limits, preparation of standards, and calibration procedures;
7. Raw data sheets for field sampling and field and laboratory analyses;
8. Documentation of calculations;
9. All data recorded and used to establish parameters for compliance monitoring; and
10. Any other information required by the test method.

8.0 Monitoring

8.1 Periodic opacity monitoring

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:05:16.01(9), the owner or operator shall demonstrate compliance with the opacity limit in permit condition 6.1 on a periodic basis. Periodic monitoring for Unit #1 is only required if Unit #1 is fired with used oil during that period. Periodic monitoring for units that operate on a monthly or more frequent basis shall be based on Step 1 and 2.

Step 1: Periodic monitoring shall consist of a visible emission reading. A visible emission reading shall consist of a visual survey of each unit over a two-minute period to identify if there are visible emissions. The visible emission reading must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions. Visible emission readings shall be based on the following frequency:

- a. The owner or operator shall conduct a visible emission reading once per calendar month;
- b. If no visible emissions are observed from a unit in six consecutive monthly visible emission readings, the owner or operator may decrease the frequency of readings from monthly to semiannually for that unit; or
- c. If no visible emissions are observed from a unit in two consecutive semiannual visible emission readings, the owner or operator may decrease the frequency of testing of readings from semiannually to annually for that unit.

Step 2: If visible emissions are observed during a visible emission reading required in Step 1 from a unit at any time other than periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, the owner or operator shall conduct a visible emission test to determine if the unit is in compliance with its applicable opacity limit. The visible emission test shall be for at least six minutes and conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. The visible emission test must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions. Visible emission tests shall be based on the following frequency:

- a. The visible emission test must be conducted within one hour of witnessing a visible emission from a unit;

- b. If the visible emission test required in Step 2(a) results in an opacity value less than or equal to 50 percent of the opacity limit for the unit, the owner or operator shall perform a visible emission test once per month;
- c. If the opacity value of a visible emission test in Step 2(b) is less than five percent for three straight monthly tests, the owner or operator may revert back to monthly visible emission readings as required in Step 1(a);
- d. If the visible emission test required in Step 2(a) results in an opacity value greater than 50 percent of the opacity limit but less than the opacity limit, the owner or operator shall perform a visible emission test once per week; or
- e. If the visible emission test in Step 2(d) results in an opacity value less than or equal to 50 percent of the opacity limit for four straight weekly readings, the owner or operator may revert back to a monthly visible emission test as required in Step 2(b).

Periodic monitoring for units that operate on a quarterly shall be based on Step 3.

Step 3: For units that operate on a quarterly basis, monitoring shall consist of the following:

- a. Monitoring shall consist of a visible emission reading once per quarter. A visible emission reading shall consist of a visual survey of the unit over a two-minute period to identify if there are visible emissions. The visible emission reading must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions; or
- b. If visible emissions are observed from a unit at any time other than periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, the owner or operator shall conduct a visible emission test on that unit to determine if the unit is in compliance with its opacity limit. The visible emission test must be conducted within one hour of witnessing visible emissions from the unit during a visible emission reading. The visible emission test shall be for at least six minutes and conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. The visible emission test must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions.

Periodic monitoring for units that operate on a semiannual or annual basis shall be based on Step 4.

Step 4: For units that operate on a semiannual or annual basis, monitoring shall consist of the following:

- a. Monitoring shall consist of a visible emission reading once per year. A visible emission reading shall consist of a visual survey of the unit over a two-minute period to identify if there are visible emissions. The visible emission reading must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions;
- b. If visible emissions are observed from a unit at any time other than periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, the owner or operator shall conduct a visible emission test on that unit to determine if the unit is in compliance with its opacity limit. The visible emission test must be conducted within one hour of witnessing visible

emissions from the unit during a visible emission reading. The visible emission test shall be for at least six minutes and conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. The visible emission test must be conducted while the unit is in operation; but not during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunctions.

The person conducting the visible emission reading does not have to be certified in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. The person conducting the visible emission test must be certified in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. If a visible emission test is required before a person is certified in accordance with permit condition 8.2, the owner or operator shall notify the Secretary within 24 hours of observing the visible emissions to schedule a visible emission test performed by a state inspector.

8.2 Certified personnel – visible emission tests

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:13:07, within 180 days after permit issuance the owner or operator shall retain a person that is certified to perform a visible emission test in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9. The owner or operator shall retain a certified person throughout the remaining term of this permit.

9.0 NSPS – 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc

9.1 Standard for sulfur dioxide

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR, § 60.42c(d), (h)(1), and (i) the owner or operator shall not combust used oil that contains greater than 0.5 weight percent sulfur in Unit #1. Compliance with the sulfur limit shall be determined based on a certification from the fuel supplier. The fuel certification must include the information in permit condition 9.4.

The used oil sulfur limit shall apply at all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunctions.

9.2 Semiannual report

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.48c(e), and (j), the owner or operator shall submit a semiannual report to the Secretary. The semiannual reports shall contain the following information:

1. Name of facility, permit number, reference to this permit condition, identifying the submittal as a semi-annual report, and the calendar dates covered in the reporting period;
2. Copies of the fuel supplier certification, as required in permit condition 9.4, for each load of used oil purchased or received during the reporting period. If no used oil is purchased or received during the reporting period, a statement that no used oil was purchased or received shall be included; and
3. A certified statement signed by the owner or operator of the affected facility that the records of fuel supplier certifications submitted represent all of the used oil fuel combusted during the reporting period.

The semiannual reports must be postmarked no later than 30 days after the end of the reporting period (i.e., July 30th and January 30th).

9.3 Monitoring sulfur content

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.48c(f) the owner or operator shall obtain a fuel supplier certification for each load of used oil purchased or received. The fuel supplier certification shall include the following information:

1. The name of the used oil supplier;
2. A statement from the used oil supplier that the used oil is an on-specification used oil or off-specification used oil; and
3. A statement that the sulfur content of the used oil does not exceed 0.5 weight percent sulfur.

9.4 Records of fuel used

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR, § 60.48c(g)(2), the owner or operator shall record and maintain records of the amount of used oil combusted in Unit #1 during each calendar month.

9.5 Changing boiler fuels

In accordance with ARSD 74:36:07:05, as referenced to 40 CFR § 60.40c, Unit #1 shall be fired with natural gas or used oil. If Unit #1 is fueled with other fuels such as propane, coal, other oil, or wood, additional standards and requirements in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc may apply. The owner or operator shall apply for and obtain approval from the Secretary before other fuels can be used as a fuel in Unit #1.

10.0 Standards for Burning Used Oil

10.1 Notification of regulated waste activity

In accordance with ARSD 74:28:27:01, adopting by reference 40 CFR Part 279, Subpart G, before a shipment of used oil is accepted, the owner or operator must notify the Secretary of its used oil activity. To do so, the owner or operator may complete and submit a RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form 8700-12 to document the owner or operator burns used oil in a proper device or submit a written request to obtain a site identification number and provide the information as specified in ARSD 74:28:27:01, adopting by reference 40 CFR § 279.61. The completed Site Identification Form should be submitted to:

South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Waste Management Program
523 East Capitol
Pierre, SD 57501

If on-specification used oil is used as a fuel, the owner or operator must comply with permit condition 10.2. If off-specification used oil is used as a fuel, the owner or operator must comply with permit condition 10.3 through 10.6, inclusive.

10.2 On-specification used oil fuel documentation required

In accordance with ARSD 74:28:27:01, adopting by reference 40 CFR Part 279, Subpart G, the owner or operator shall document the used oil fuel meets the used oil fuel specifications for each load of used oil fuel purchased or received. The specification can be determined by using the knowledge of the used oil fuel source or testing. The owner or operator must comply with the following when burning on-specification used oil as a fuel:

1. Maintain records documenting the name, address, and regulated waste identification number of the transporter who delivered the used oil fuel as well as the generator or processor/re-refiner from whom the used oil fuel was obtained;
2. Maintain records documenting the amount of used oil fuel delivered as well as the date of delivery; and
3. Maintain a cross-reference to the record of used oil fuel analysis or other information used to make the determination that the used oil fuel meets the used oil fuel specification.

10.3 Off-specification used oil fuel documentation required

The owner or operator shall obtain documentation from the used oil fuel supplier for each load of used oil fuel purchased or received. The used oil fuel supplier documentation shall include, at a minimum, the following information:

1. The name, address, and regulated waste identification number of the transporter who delivered the used oil fuel;
2. The name, address, and regulated waste identification number of the generator or processor/re-refiner from whom the used oil fuel was obtained;
3. The amount of used oil fuel delivered as well as the date of delivery; and
4. Documentation indicating the used oil fuel contains less than 1,000 parts per million (ppm) halogens, or is managed in accordance with ARSD 74:28:27:01 adopting by reference 40 CFR Part 279.

10.4 One-time notice to suppliers of off-specification used oil fuel

In accordance with ARSD 74:28:27:01, adopting by reference 40 CFR Part 279.66, before the owner or operator accepts its first shipment of off-specification used oil fuel, the owner or operator must provide a one-time written and signed notice documenting the owner or operator has a Site Identification Number and the owner or operator burns used oil fuel in an appropriate device. These notices must be provided once to each supplier of off-specification used oil fuel.

10.5 Storage of used oil fuel

In accordance with ARSD 74:28:27:01, adopting by reference 40 CFR Part 279, used oil fuel must be stored in the following units: underground storage tanks that comply with 40 CFR Part 112 and 40 CFR Part 280 or in tanks, containers, or units subject to regulation under 40 CFR Parts 264 and 265. Storage units must:

1. Be free of leaks and in good condition (i.e., no severe rust, structural defects, or deterioration);
2. Be placed in a secondary containment system that includes impervious floors and sidewalls represented by dikes, berms or retaining walls. Aboveground storage tanks on-

site and in use prior to issuance of this permit must be equipped with a secondary containment system that includes, at a minimum, dikes, berms or retaining walls and a floor that covers the entire area within the dike, berm or retaining wall, except areas where existing portions of the tank meet the ground;

3. New aboveground storage tanks must be placed in a secondary containment system that includes a floor and sidewalls (dikes, berms or retaining walls). The floor must cover the entire area within the dike, berm or retaining wall. The entire secondary containment system (floor and walls) must be impervious to used oil in order to prevent a release to the environment should a spill occur.
4. The tank, container, or storage unit and the associated fill pipes must be labeled with the words "used oil."

10.6 Releases

In accordance with ARSD 74:34:01, the owner or operator shall, upon the detection of a release:

1. Stop the release of used oil fuel;
2. Contain the released used oil fuel;
3. Comply with the spill notification requirements of SDCL 34A-12 and the rules adopted thereunder (ARSD 74:34:01) by reporting a known discharge of a regulated substance to the environment to the Secretary immediately if one of the following conditions exists:
 - a. The discharge threatens or is in a position to threaten the waters of the state;
 - b. The discharge causes an immediate danger to human health or safety;
 - c. The discharge exceeds 25 gallons or causes a sheen on surface water or it exceeds any groundwater quality standards of chapter 74:54:01 or surface water quality standards of chapter 74:51:01;
 - d. The discharge harms or threatens to harm wildlife or aquatic life; or
 - e. The discharge is required to be reported according to SARA, Title III, § 304 (1986). The immediate report must be telephoned to the secretary, (605) 773-5559, as soon as the responsible person becomes aware of the discharge. Subsequent to the initial report, the responsible person shall immediately notify the secretary of information that changes the accuracy of the initial report. As directed by the secretary, the responsible person shall make additional reports verbally or in writing ;
4. Cleanup and properly manage the used oil and used cleanup materials; and
5. Repair any leaking container or product line.